

Section 3: Finite Volume Method for Diffusion Problems

Governing Differential Equation for a Diffusion Problem

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\Gamma \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\Gamma \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \right) + S = 0$$

or, in vector form:

$$\nabla \cdot (\Gamma \nabla \phi) + S = 0$$

Integrate Over Control Volume

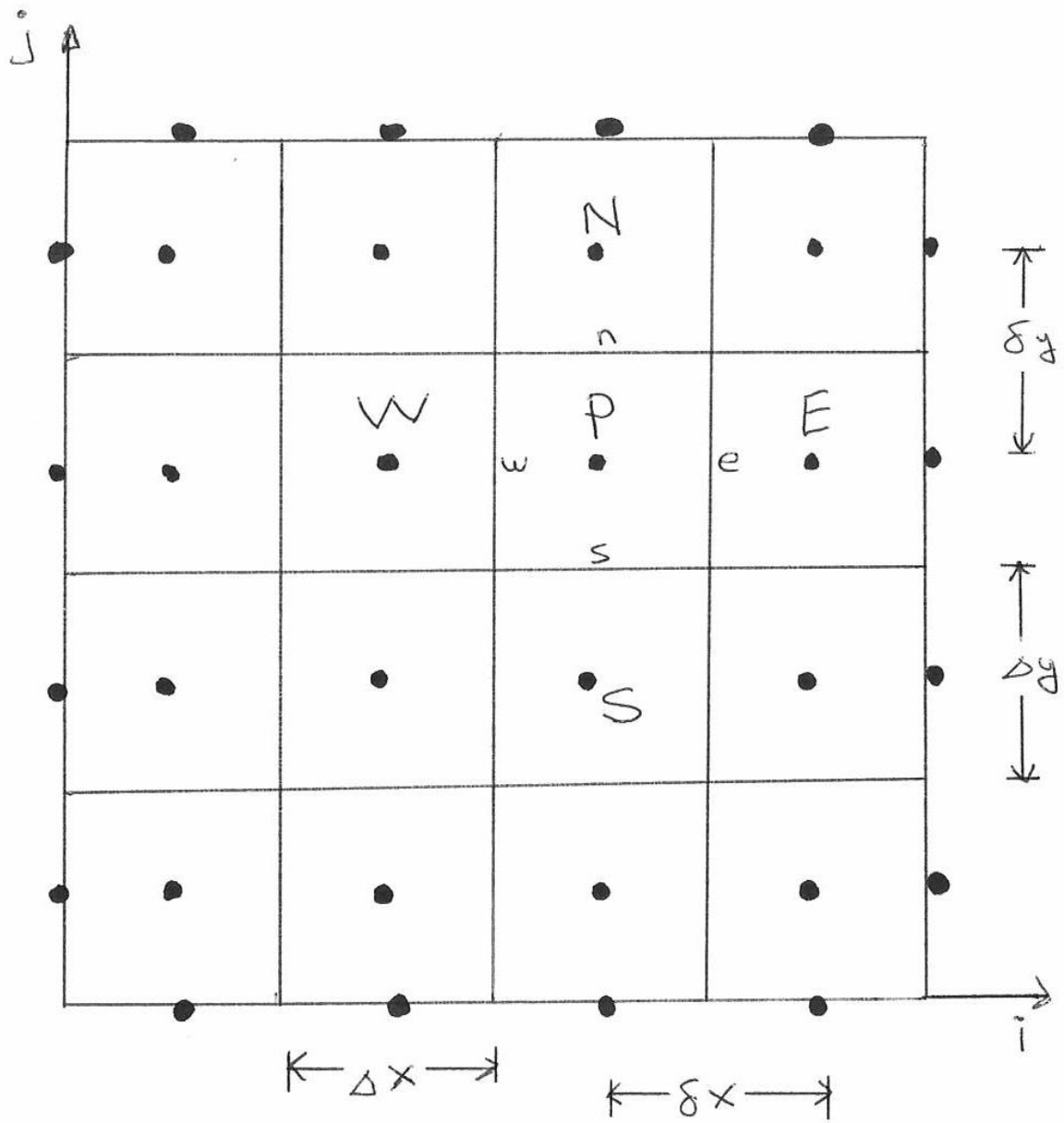
$$\int \nabla \cdot (\Gamma \nabla \phi) dV + \int S dV = 0$$

Apply the Gauss Divergence Theorem, which converts the volume integral to a surface integral, and is given as

$$\int \nabla \cdot \bar{a} dV = \int \bar{a} \cdot \hat{n} dS$$

Applied to our integral we find

$$\int \Gamma \nabla \phi \cdot \hat{n} dS + \int S dV = 0$$



Typical Finite Volume Mesh and Terminology

$$A_e \Gamma_e \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \Big|_e - A_w \Gamma_w \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \Big|_w + A_n \Gamma_n \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \Big|_n - A_s \Gamma_s \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \Big|_s + \bar{S} \Delta x \Delta y = 0$$

Finite-difference approximation for derivatives

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \Big|_e = \frac{\phi_E - \phi_P}{(\delta x)_e} + O(\delta x)^2$$

and

source term linearization

$$\bar{S} \Delta x \Delta y = S_u + S_p \phi_P$$

results in

$$\Delta y \left(\Gamma_e \frac{\phi_E - \phi_P}{(\delta x)_e} - \Gamma_w \frac{\phi_P - \phi_W}{(\delta x)_w} \right) + \Delta x \left(\Gamma_n \frac{\phi_N - \phi_P}{(\delta y)_n} - \Gamma_s \frac{\phi_P - \phi_S}{(\delta y)_s} \right) + S_u + S_p \phi_P = 0$$

Rearrange as

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\Gamma_w \Delta y}{(\delta x)_w} + \frac{\Gamma_e \Delta y}{(\delta x)_e} + \frac{\Gamma_s \Delta x}{(\delta y)_s} + \frac{\Gamma_n \Delta x}{(\delta y)_n} - S_p \right) \phi_P \\ & = \frac{\Gamma_w \Delta y}{(\delta x)_w} \phi_W + \frac{\Gamma_e \Delta y}{(\delta x)_e} \phi_E + \frac{\Gamma_n \Delta x}{(\delta y)_n} \phi_N + \frac{\Gamma_s \Delta x}{(\delta y)_s} \phi_S + S_u \end{aligned}$$

$$A_P \phi_P = A_W \phi_W + A_E \phi_E + A_S \phi_S + A_N \phi_N + S_u$$

$$A_W = \frac{\Gamma_w \Delta y}{(\delta x)_w}$$

$$A_E = \frac{\Gamma_e \Delta y}{(\delta x)_e}$$

$$A_S = \frac{\Gamma_s \Delta x}{(\delta y)_s}$$

$$A_N = \frac{\Gamma_n \Delta x}{(\delta y)_n}$$

$$A_P = A_W + A_E + A_S + A_N - S_P$$

Boundaries

A) Fixed (Dirichlet) boundary condition (i.e., set ϕ on a boundary)

Look at west boundary as an example

Find

$$S_p = \frac{-\Gamma_w \Delta y}{((\delta x)_w / 2)}$$

$$S_u = \frac{\Gamma_w \Delta y}{((\delta x)_w / 2)} \phi_{BC}$$

$$A_w = 0$$

What did we do? “Cut the link” to west boundary and utilized source terms to implement boundary condition.

B) Derivative (Neumann) boundary condition on the west boundary

$$S_p = 0$$

$$S_u = -A_w \Gamma_w \left. \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right|_w$$

$$A_w = 0$$

Solution algorithm

Successive over relaxation iterative scheme

$$\phi_P = \phi_P + \frac{\Omega}{A_P} (A_W \phi_W + A_E \phi_E + A_S \phi_S + A_N \phi_N + S_u - A_P \phi_P)$$

$$0 < \Omega < 2$$

Example Problem

Solve the following problem using the finite-volume method:

$$\nabla^2 \phi = 0$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 1 \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$$

Set the boundary conditions as:

$$\phi(0, y) = 0; \quad \phi(1, y) = y; \quad \phi(x, 0) = 0; \quad \phi(x, 1) = x$$

This problem is of the form:

$$\nabla \cdot (\Gamma \nabla \phi) = 0$$

with $\Gamma = 1$.

The problem has the analytic solution $\phi(x, y) = xy$.

Consequently, we can determine our numerical errors.

Simple Code in Fortran90

```
! PROGRAM TO SOLVE LAPLACE EQUATION OVER DOMAIN
! 0<=x<=1, 0<=y<=1
! with boundary conditions phi=x*y
!*****

implicit none
integer, parameter :: nx=25, ny=25
integer :: i,j,iterations
real :: x,y,z,dx,dy,omega
real, dimension(1:nx,1:ny) :: AE,AW,AN,AS,AP,SP,SU
real, dimension(0:nx+1,0:ny+1) :: phi
!*****

dx=1./float(nx); dy=1./float(ny)
! initialize all SU and SP to interior cell values of zero
SU=0; SP=0
phi=0.0
! initialize AE,AW,AN,AS,AP over all cells
! to the values over the interior cells
AE=1.; AW=1.; AN=1.; AS=1.
!*****
```

! set wall boundary values (overwrite initialization values)

! west boundary

AW(1,:)=0. !cut link

SU(1,:)=0.

SP(1,:)= -2.

! east boundary

AE(NX,:)=0. !cut link

SP(NX,:)= -2.

do j=1,NY

 SU(NX,j)=2.*((dy/2.) + dy*float(j-1))

end do

! south boundary

AS(:,1)=0. !cut link

SU(:,1)=0.

SP(:,1)= -2.

```
! north boundary
AN(:,NY)=0. ! cut link
SP(:,NY)=-2.
do i=1,NX
  SU(i,NY)=2.*( dx/2.) + dx*float(i-1)
end do
```

corner cell boundary values

```
! southwest
AS(1,1)=0. ! cut links
AW(1,1)=0.
SU(1,1)=0.
SP(1,1)=-4.
```

```
! northwest
AN(1,ny)=0. ! cut links
AW(1,ny)=0.
SU(1,ny)=2.*(dx/2.)
SP(1,ny)=-4.
```

! southeast

AS(nx,1)=0. ! cut links

AE(nx,1)=0.

SU(nx,1)=2.*(dy/2.)

SP(nx,1)=-4.

! northeast

AN(nx,ny)=0. ! cut links

AE(nx,ny)=0.

SU(nx,ny)=2.*((dx/2.) + dx*float(nx-1)) + 2.*((dy/2.) + dy*float(ny-1))

SP(nx,ny)=-4.

AP=AE+AW+AN+AS-SP

! Successive Over-Relaxation ITERATIVE SOLVER

omega=1.7 ! relaxation factor

do iterations=1,500 ! set iterations over interior cells to 500

do i=1,nx

do j=1,ny

phi(i,j)=phi(i,j) + omega/AP(i,j)*(AE(i,j)*phi(i+1,j)+ &
AW(i,j)*phi(i-1,j)+AN(i,j)*phi(i,j+1)+ &
AS(i,j)*phi(i,j-1)+SU(i,j)-AP(i,j)*phi(i,j))

end do; end do; end do

!*****

! WRITE comma separated DATA FILE FOR PARAVIEW

```
open(unit=10,file='results.csv')
```

```
write(10,*)'x coord, y coord, z coord, phi'
```

! write out **Interior** data points

```
do i=1,nx
```

```
do j=1,ny
```

```
    x=dx/2+float(i-1)*dx
```

```
    y=dy/2+float(j-1)*dy
```

```
    z=0.
```

```
    write(10,*)x,',',y,',',z,',',phi(i,j)
```

```
end do; end do
```

```
! write west boundary values
do j=1,ny
  y=dy/2+float(j-1)*dy
  write(10,*)0.0,',',y,',',0.0,',',0.0
end do;
```

```
! write east boundary values
do j=1,ny
  y=dy/2+float(j-1)*dy
  write(10,*)1.0,',',y,',',0.0,',',y
end do
```

```
! write south boundary values
do i=1,nx
  x=dx/2+float(i-1)*dx
  write(10,*)x,',',0.0,',',0.0,',',0.0
end do;
```

```
! write north boundary values
do i=1,nx
  x=dx/2+float(i-1)*dx
  write(10,*)x,',',1.0,',',0.0,',',x
end do;
```

```
! write corner boundary values
write(10,*)0.0,',',0.0,',',0.0,',',0.0    ! southwest

write(10,*)0.0,',',1.0,',',0.0,',',0.0    ! northwest

write(10,*)1.0,',',0.0,',',0.0,',',0.0    ! southeast

write(10,*)1.0,',',1.0,',',0.0,',',1.0    ! northeast

end
```